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# The Prominent Role of the AIA's BIM / Digital Practice Documents in the AIA 2017 Contract Documents

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## **New Mandatory Use**

The AIA's Digital Practice Documents play an important role in its newly-released 2017 Contract Documents.





## **New Mandatory Use**

Use of the Digital Practice Documents is expressly required by the AIA's new Owner-AE Agreements and Owner-Contractor Agreements.



## **New Mandatory Use**

For example, the B101-2017 Owner-AE Agreement provides

§ 1.3 The parties *shall agree* upon protocols governing the transmission and use of Instruments of Service or any other information or documentation in digital form. The parties will use AIA Document E203-2013, Building Information Modeling and Digital Data Exhibit, to establish the protocols for the development, use, transmission, and exchange of digital data.







The Digital Practice Documents were inspired by the rapidly evolving ways parties transmit, use, and rely on Digital Data.



BIM and Digital Data sharing are not new.

But contracts and legal doctrines generally lag a few years behind new technologies and trends in project delivery.



All projects use Digital Data.

Digital Data is anything stored in digital form, from emails to **Building Information Modeling** (BIM) model elements.





## Many AIA Contract Document users are unfamiliar with

- E203–2013, BIM / Digital Data Exhibit
- G201–2013, Project Digital Data Protocol Form
- G202–2013, Project BIM Protocol Form



The AIA's 2013 Digital Practice Documents are seldom used.

Most contracts omit their important subject matter.





Like other risks, Digital Data-related risks can be most predictably managed by contract.







## **AIA Digital Practice Documents**

## Three principal documents

- ► E203–2013, BIM / Digital Data Exhibit: this contract exhibit must be incorporated into the contracts of nearly all project participants
- ► G201–2013, Project Digital Data Protocol Form: this protocol takes legal effect through the E203, and sets rules for Digital Data use
- ▶ G202–2013, Project BIM Protocol Form: this BIM-specific protocol is used along with E203 and G201 on BIM projects







E203 fosters a discussion between, and sets forth the basic expectations of, the Owner, lead A/E, and Contractor concerning transmission, use, and reliance on Digital Data.



#### ARTICLE 4 BUILDING INFORMATION MODELING PROTOCOLS

§ 4.1 If the Parties indicate in Section 3.1 that Building Information Modeling will be used on the Project, specify below the extent to which the Parties intend to utilize Building Information Modeling and identify the provisions of this Article 4 governing such use:

- The Parties shall utilize Building Information Modeling on the Project for the sole purpose of fulfilling the obligations set forth in the Agreement without an expectation that the Model will be relied upon by the other Project Participants. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, any use of, transmission of, or reliance on the Model is at the receiving Party's sole risk. The remaining sections of this Article 4 shall have no force or effect.
- The Parties shall develop, share, use and rely upon the Model in accordance with Sections 4.2 through 4.10 of this Exhibit.



E203 is a fairly simple document.

It recognizes the Owner, lead A/E, and Contractor may not be ready at the time of contracting to enter into detailed Digital Data protocols.



Under E203, the Owner, lead A/E and Contractor must, "as soon as practical following the execution" of their contracts, agree on and document detailed Digital Data protocols.



## § 1.3 Adjustments to the Agreement

§ 1.3.1 If a Party believes that protocols established pursuant to Sections 3.2 or 4.5, and memorialized in AIA Documents G201-2013 and G202-2013, will result in a change in the Party's scope of work or services warranting an adjustment in compensation, contract sum, schedule or contract time, the Party shall notify the other Party. Failure to provide notice as required in this Section 1.3 shall result in a Party's waiver of any claims for adjustments in compensation, contract sum, schedule or contract time as a result of the established protocols.



E203 provides some contractual protection for Parties that use Digital Data per the agreed protocols.

Parties that use Digital Data in other ways do so at their sole risk.



#### § 3.4 Unauthorized Use

## § 3.4.1 Prior to Establishment of Digital Data Protocols

If a Party receives Digital Data prior to the agreement to, and documentation of, the Digital Data protocols in AIA Document G201–2013, that Party is not authorized to use or rely on the Digital Data. Any use of, or reliance on, such Digital Data is at that Party's sole risk and without liability to the other Party and its contractors, consultants, agents and employees.

## § 3.4.2 Following Establishment of Digital Data Protocols

Following agreement to, and documentation of, the Digital Data protocols in AIA Document G201–2013, if a Party uses Digital Data inconsistent with the Authorized Uses identified in the Digital Data protocols, that use shall be at the sole risk of the Party using the Digital Data.







G201 is typically completed in the early phases of the project – after the Owner, lead A/E, and Contractor determine how they plan to use Digital Data.



The Parties should agree on G201 protocols without undue delay.

Under E203, Parties that use or rely on Digital Data before agreeing to G201 protocols do so at their sole risk.



Article 1 of G201 lists each Project Participant whose contract incorporates E203-2013.

These "Parties" agree, by attaching E203 to their separate contracts, to abide by the G201 protocols.



#### ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS REGARDING USE OF DIGITAL DATA

§ 1.1 List each Project Participant that has incorporated AIA Document E203<sup>™</sup>–2013, Building Information Modeling and Digital Data Exhibit, dated « », into its agreement for the Project:

Project Participant	Discipline
« »	

§ 1.2 Project Participants. For each Project Participant listed in Section 1.1, identify and provide contact information for the individuals responsible for implementation of the Digital Data protocols.

Project Participant	Individual Responsible Contact Information	
« »		



# Article 2 protocols for managing Digital Data

- ▶ document management systems
- ▶rules for user access and security
- ▶requirements for training, startup, and support
- ▶ storage requirements and procedures
- ▶ archiving and preservation protocols



Article 3 of G201 addresses transmission and use of Digital Data.

The Digital Data Protocol Table identifies the Digital Data to be used and the authorized formats, software versions, and transmission methods.



Digital Data	Digital Data Format	Transmission Method	Authorized Uses	Note Number (See Sec. 3.2)
§ 3.1.1 Project Agreements and Modifications				
§ 3.1.2 Project communications				
General communications			L	
Meeting notices				
Agendas				
Minutes				
Requests for information				
Architect's Supplemental Instructions			+	
§ 3.1.3 Architect's pre-construction submittals				
Schematic Design Documents				
Design Development Documents				
Construction Documents				



In G201 Article 3, the Parties identify the Authorized Uses of Digital Data.

These project-specific rules govern the use of, and reliance on, Digital Data.



The parties should modify the G201 protocol form as necessary to meet the Digital Data needs of the project.



## G201 suggests a range of possible Authorized Uses

- modify as required
- incorporate additional Digital Data
- store and view only
- reproduce and distribute



### Authorized Uses of Digital Data:

(Below are suggested abbreviations and definitions. Delete, modify or supplement, as necessary.)

Abbreviation	Definition
I	Integrate (incorporate additional digital data without modifying data received)
M	Modify as required to fulfill obligations for the Project
R	Reproduce and distribute
S	Store and view only







## **G202-2013, Project BIM Protocol Form**

If BIM will be used, the Parties must adopt a G202 protocol.



## G202-2013, Project BIM Protocol Form

G202 is completed at a logical point near the project outset.

This is typically after the Owner, lead A/E, and Contractor determine their plan for BIM use, and after they hire key consultants and contractors.



#### ARTICLE 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

§ 1.1 For each Project Participant that has incorporated the Project specific AIA Document E203<sup>™</sup>–2013, Building Information Modeling and Digital Data Protocol Exhibit, dated « », into its agreement for the Project, identify and provide the contact information for individuals responsible for implementation of the Modeling protocols. If, for any Project Participant, more than one individual will be responsible for implementation of the Modeling protocols, list each individual separately and describe the unique Modeling Role assigned to each individual.

Modeling Role	Project Participant	Individual Responsible	Contact Information
« »			



The Parties should agree on G202 protocols without undue delay.

Under E203, those who use, transmit, or rely on BIM information before the G202 is finalized do so at their sole risk.



Filling in the blanks of G202 helps develop the plan for project BIM use.



The heart of G202 is the Model Element Table

This substantial matrix identifies who will author various Model Elements, and the extent to which they can be relied on at various times.



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§ 3.3 Model Element Table Identify (1) the LOD required for each Model Element at each Project milestone, (2) the Model Element Author, and (3) references to any applicable notes found in Section 3.4. Insert abbreviations for each MEA identified in the table below, such as "A - Architect," or "C - Contractor."  NOTE: LODs must be adapted for the unique characteristics of each Project.		Project Milestone 1			Project Milestone 2			Project Milestone 3			Project Milestone 4		Project Milestone 5			Project Milestone 6			Notes (See Sec 3.4)
Model Elements Utilizing CSI UniFormat™	LOD	MEA	Notes	LOD	MEA	Notes	LOD	MEA	Notes										
A SUBSTRUCTURE																			
A10 FOUNDATIONS																			
A1010 Standard Foundations																			
A1010.10 Wall Foundations																			
A1010.30 Column Foundations					ĺ			ĺ			ĺ			ĺ			ĺ		
A1010.90 Standard Foundation Supplementary Components																			
A1020 Special Foundations																			
A1020.10 Driven Piles																			
A1020.15 Bored Piles																			
A1020.20 Caissons		ĺ			ĺ			ĺ			ĺ			ĺ					
A1020.30 Special Foundation Walls																			
A1020.40 Foundation Anchors																			
A1020.50 Underpinning																			
A1020.60 Raft Foundations																			
A1020.70 Pile Caps																			
A1020.80 Grade Beams																			
A20 SUBGRADE ENCLOSURES																			
A2010 Walls for Subgrade Enclosures																			
A2010.10 Subgrade Enclosure Wall Construction																			
A2010.20 Subgrade Enclosure Wall Interior Skin																			
A2010.90 Subgrade Enclosure Wall Supplementary Components																			
A40 SLABS-ON-GRADE																			



All project BIM users – from design consultants to trade contractors – can provide valuable input to the G202 Model Element Table.



G202 specifies minimum content requirements for Model Elements at five Levels of Development

- ► LOD 100 (conceptual)
- ► LOD 200 (approximate quantities, size, shape, location)
- ► LOD 300 (specific quantities, size, shape, location)
- ► LOD 400 (fabrication, shop drawing detail)
- ► LOD 500 (field verified, as-built)



G202 identifies Authorized Uses for BIM Model Elements at each LOD.

Authorized Uses are paired to Model Element content requirements at specific points in time.



#### § 2.2 LOD 100

§ 2.2.1 Model Element Content Requirements. The Model Element may be graphically represented in the Model with a symbol or other generic representation, but does not satisfy the requirements for LOD 200. Information related to the Model Element (i.e., cost per square foot, tonnage of HVAC, etc.) can be derived from other Model Elements.

#### § 2.2.2 Authorized Uses

§ 2.2.2.1 Analysis. The Model Element may be analyzed based on volume, area and orientation by application of generalized performance criteria assigned to other Model Elements.

§ 2.2.2.2 Cost Estimating. The Model Element may be used to develop a cost estimate based on current area, volume or similar conceptual estimating techniques (e.g., square feet of floor area, condominium unit, hospital bed, etc.).

§ 2.2.2.3 Schedule. The Model Element may be used for Project phasing and determination of overall Project duration.

§ 2.2.2.4 Other Authorized Uses. Additional Authorized Uses of the Model Element developed to LOD 100, if any, are as follows:



A cautious Party (say, a cost estimator) can use G202 to determine, for example, that in LOD 100

- ▶it can use Model Elements for conceptual estimating
- ▶it cannot use Model Elements for detailed take-offs



The Model Element Table also assigns authorship responsibility to a Model Element Author for each Model Element.

Model Element Authors can change as milestones are achieved.



§ 3.3 Model Element Table Identify (1) the LOD required for each Model Element at each Project milestone, (2) the Model Element Author, and (3) references to any applicable notes found in Section 3.4. Insert abbreviations for each MEA identified in the table below, such as "A - Architect," or "C - Contractor."  NOTE: LODs must be adapted for the unique characteristics of each Project.		Project Milestone 1			Project Milestone 2			Project Milestone 3			Project Milestone 4		Project Mestone 5			Project Mestone 6			Notes (See Sec 3.4)
Model Elements Utilizing CSI UniFormat <sup>TM</sup>	LOD	MEA	Notes	LOD	MEA	Notes	LOD	MEA	Notes										
A SUBSTRUCTURE																			
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A1010.30 Column Foundations																			
A1010.90 Standard Foundation Supplementary Components																			
A1020 Special Foundations																			
A1020.10 Driven Piles																			
A1020.15 Bored Piles																			1
A1020.20 Caissons																			
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A40 SLABS-ON-GRADE																			



For example, for systems procured through design-build subcontractors, the Model Element Author may change from the lead A/E to a trade subcontractor at LOD 300.







The E203 contract exhibit and G201 protocol form are always used together.

On BIM projects, the G202 BIM protocol form should be used as well.



E203-2013 is prepared at the project outset, is incorporated into the relevant contracts, and normally will not be revised.



G201 and G202 protocols are frequently updated with the agreement of relevant Parties – as project circumstances change.



A late-project G201 revision may address mechanical coordination – a subject perhaps addressed only lightly in the original G201.



A late-project G202 revision may, for example, change a Model Element Author from the mechanical engineer to the mechanical subcontractor at LOD 400.



**PROJECT**: (Name and address)

«Blank 2016»



PROTOCOL VERSION NUMBER: « »

DATE: « »

PREPARED BY: « »

DISTRIBUTION TO: (List each individual to whom this protocol is distributed. Include individuals listed in Section 1.1, or reference Section 1.1, along with any additional recipients.)





Keep a record of each Party receiving and approving any revised G201 or G202 protocols.

This prevents a Party from claiming it did not agree to comply with the latest revised protocols.



Project Participants must understand why the AIA Digital Practice Documents are contractually binding.



E203 is not a standalone agreement; it is a contract exhibit.

It takes legal effect, and reaches the entire project, when incorporated to the contracts of all Parties who may use Digital Data.



§ 1.2 The Parties agree to incorporate this Exhibit into their agreements with any other Project Participants that may develop or make use of Digital Data on the Project. Prior to transmitting or allowing access to Digital Data, a Party may require any Project Participant to provide reasonable evidence that it has incorporated this Exhibit into its agreement for the Project, and agreed to the most recent Project specific versions of AIA Document G201<sup>TM</sup>–2013, Project Digital Data Protocol Form and AIA Document G202<sup>TM</sup>–2013, Project Building Information Modeling Protocol Form.



E203 must be incorporated into both the lead A/E and Owner-Contractor Agreements.

Those Parties must then incorporate E203 into their other project contracts with relevant lower tier Project Participants.



G201 and G202 are not standalone agreements or contract exhibits.

They take legal effect through E203 – so E203 must be incorporated into the contracts of any Project Participant who may use Digital Data.



A Party who fails to incorporate E203 into its downstream contracts may become contractually responsible for others' misuse of Digital Data.







If a Party receives Digital Data before G201 and G202 protocols are agreed and documented

- ▶ the receiving Party may not use, transmit, or rely on the Digital Data, and
- ➤ any such premature use is at the receiving Party's sole risk — without liability to other Parties



After G201 / G202 protocols are agreed and documented, any use or reliance on Digital Data in a manner inconsistent with the "Authorized Uses" is at the sole risk of the user.



What if a Party fails to incorporate E203-2013 into its relevant downstream contracts?



A "third party beneficiary" can sue on a contract – despite not being a direct party to that contract.





Under E203, every Project Participant who uses Digital Data is an intended third party beneficiary of

- every Party's obligation to incorporate E203 into their other relevant project contracts, and
- "any rights and defenses associated with enforcement of that obligation."



§ 1.2.1 The Parties agree that each of the Project Participants utilizing Digital Data on the Project is an intended third party beneficiary of the Section 1.2 obligation to incorporate this Exhibit into agreements with other Project Participants, and any rights and defenses associated with the enforcement of that obligation. This Exhibit does not create any thirdparty beneficiary rights other than those expressly identified in this Section 1.2.1.



This provision tries to ensure each Party complies with its obligation to incorporate E203 into its relevant downstream project contracts.



Assume, for example, an Engineer fails to include E203 in its contracts with subconsultants that use Digital Data.



Under that example, if a design subconsultant's failure to comply with G201 or G202 protocols damages a contractor, it may have a claim directly against the engineer— even though they do not share a contract.



Time will tell how judges and arbitrators enforce E203-2013's third party beneficiary provisions.







#### **Conclusion**

The Digital Practice Documents take important steps in trying to match contract terms with modern trends in Digital Data use.

This is a good thing.



#### Conclusion

The Digital Practice Documents can, however, be complex to use and administer.

They require significant early "buy in" from the Owner, lead A/E, and Contractor.



#### Conclusion

Parties should consider using the Digital Practice Documents – but they should not use them lightly, and not without understanding their requirements.



#### **AIA Resources**

# The AIA's invaluable "Guide, Instructions and Commentary to the 2013 AIA Digital Practice Documents" is on the AIA website:

http://aiad8.prod.acquia-sites.com/sites/default/files/2017-02/2013%20Digital%20Practice%20Documents%20Guide.pdf



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